

CROSS COUNTRY BC ATHLETE PROTECTION GUIDELINES

Definitions

- 1. Terms in these guidelines are defined as follows:
 - a) **Athlete** An individual who is an athlete participant in Cross Country BC who is subject to the policies of Cross Country BC
 - b) **Minor** An individual under 19 years old
 - c) **Person in Authority** Any individual who holds a position of authority within Cross Country BC including, but not limited to, coaches, instructors, officials, managers, support personnel, chaperones, committee members, and Directors and Officers
 - d) Vulnerable Participants Includes Minors and vulnerable adults (people who, because of age, disability or other circumstance, are in a position of dependence on others or are otherwise at a greater risk than the general population of being harmed by people in positions of trust or authority)

Purpose

2. These guidelines describe how Persons in Authority shall maintain a safe sport environment for all Athletes.

Interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes – the 'Rule of Two'

- 3. Cross Country BC requires that the 'Rule of Two' be followed for all Persons in Authority who interact with Athletes, to the maximum extent feasible. The 'Rule of Two' is a directive that says that an Athlete must never be alone one-on-one with an unrelated Person in Authority.
- 4. Cross Country BC recognizes that fully implementing the 'Rule of Two' may not always be possible in some instances. Consequently, at a minimum, interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes must respect the following:
 - a) To the maximum extent possible, the training environment should be visible and accessible so that all interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes are observable.
 - b) Private and one-on-one situations that are not observable by another adult or Athlete should be avoided to the maximum extent possible.

- c) A Vulnerable Participant may not be alone under the supervision of a Person in Authority unless prior written permission is obtained from the Vulnerable Participant's parent or guardian.
- d) Persons in Authority may not invite or host Vulnerable Participants in their home without the written permission from parents or guardians or without parents or guardians having contemporaneous knowledge of the visit.

Practices and Competitions

- 5. For practices and competitions, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) A Person in Authority should never be alone with a Vulnerable Participant prior to or following a competition or practice unless the Person in Authority is the Vulnerable Participant's parent or guardian
 - b) If the Vulnerable Participant is the first Athlete to arrive, the Athlete's parent should remain until another Athlete or Person in Authority arrives
 - c) If a Vulnerable Participant would potentially be alone with a Person in Authority following a competition or practice, the Person in Authority should ask another Person in Authority (or a parent or guardian of another Athlete) to stay until all of the Athletes have been picked up. If an adult is unavailable, another Athlete, who is preferably not a Vulnerable Participant, should be present in order to avoid the Person in Authority being alone with a Vulnerable Participant
 - d) Persons in Authority giving instructions, demonstrating skills, or facilitating drills or lessons to an individual Athlete should always do so in a manner that is open and observable
 - e) Persons in Authority and Athletes should take steps to achieve transparency and accountability in their interactions. For example, a Person in Authority and an Athlete who know they will be away from other Participants for a lengthy period of time must inform another Person in Authority where they are going and when they are expected to return. Persons in Authority should always be reachable by phone or text message

Communications

- 6. For communication between Persons in Authority and Athletes, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) Persons in Authority may only send texts, direct messages on social media or emails to individual Athletes when necessary and only for communicating information related to team issues and activities (e.g., non-personal information). Any such texts, messages or emails shall be professional in tone
 - b) Electronic communication between Persons in Authority and Athletes that is personal in nature should be avoided. If such personal communication is unavoidable, it must be

- recorded and available for review by another Person in Authority and/or by the Athlete's parent/guardian (when the Athlete is a Vulnerable Participant)
- c) Parents/guardians may request that their child not be contacted by a Person in Authority using any form of electronic communication and/or may request that certain information about their child not be distributed in any form of electronic communication
- d) All communication between a Person in Authority and Athletes must be between the hours of 6:00am and midnight unless extenuating circumstances justify otherwise
- e) Communication concerning drugs or alcohol use (unless regarding its prohibition) is not permitted
- f) No sexually explicit language or imagery or sexually oriented conversation may be communicated in any medium
- g) Persons in Authority are not permitted to ask Athletes to keep a personal secret for them

Travel

- 7. For travel involving Persons in Authority and Athletes, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) Teams or groups of Athlete shall have at least two Persons in Authority with them where feasible
 - b) For mixed gender teams or groups of Athletes, there should be one Person in Authority from each gender where feasible
 - c) If two Persons in Authority cannot be present, reasonable efforts should be made to supplement supervision with screened parents or other volunteers
 - d) To the maximum extent possible, no Person in Authority may drive a vehicle alone with an Athlete unless the Person in Authority is the Athlete's parent or guardian
 - e) A Person in Authority may not share a hotel room or bedroom or be alone with an Athlete unless the Person in Authority is the Athlete's parent/guardian or spouse
 - f) Room or bed checks during overnight stays must be done by two Persons in Authority
 - g) For overnight travel when Athletes must share a hotel room, roommates must be ageappropriate and of the same gender identity

Locker Rooms / Changing Areas

- 8. For locker rooms, changing areas and other closed meeting spaces, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) Interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes should not occur in any area where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy such as a locker room, washroom or changing

- area. A second adult should be present for any necessary interaction between an adult and an Athlete in any such area
- b) If Persons in Authority are not present in the locker room or changing area, or if they are not permitted to be present, they should still be available outside the locker room or changing area and be able to enter the room or area if required, for reasons including but not limited to team communications and/or emergencies

Photography / Video

- 9. For all photography and video of an Athlete, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) Photographs and video should only be taken in public view. Content must observe generally accepted standards of decency, and be both appropriate for and in the best interest of the Athlete
 - b) The use of recording devices in areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy is strictly prohibited
 - c) Examples of photos that shall be edited or deleted include:
 - Images with misplaced apparel or where undergarments are showing
 - ii. Suggestive or provocative poses
 - iii. Embarrassing images

Physical Contact

- 10. Some physical contact between Persons in Authority and Athletes may be necessary for various reasons including, but not limited to, teaching a skill or tending to an injury. For physical contact, Cross Country BC recommends:
 - a) A Person in Authority must always request permission to make physical contact from the Athlete in advance and clearly explain where and why the physical contact will occur. The Person in Authority must make clear that they are <u>requesting</u> to touch the Athlete and not <u>requiring</u> physical contact
 - b) Infrequent, incidental physical contact during a training session is not considered a violation of these guidelines
 - c) Non-essential physical contact may not be initiated by the Person of Authority. It is recognized that some Athletes may initiate non-essential physical contact such as hugging or other physical contact with a Person in Authority for various reasons (e.g., such as celebrating or crying after a poor performance). This physical contact should always occur in an open and observable environment.